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## The Euthanasia Issue

British Television Viewers Witness a Daughter Begging Her Elderly Mother to Kill Herself

By Bernard D. Nossiter

ON Aug. 25 (WP)—Through the eye of a hidden police camera, millions of British last night peered into the bedroom of a 60-year-old woman and watched a 27-year-old daughter beg her to commit suicide.

"I'm not a coward, mum, for goodness sake," heard Yolande McShane say. "If you let me die, you would be helping me."

"I haven't got a soul," replied her mother, Mrs. McShane, who said, "I'm so being punished after."

"Mummy, for this? You wouldn't be punishing me... I don't have any doubts... I'm just a mummy, don't make a mess of me."

As Mrs. McShane slipped her a lethal dose of 15 barbiturate tablets, she took them with a "big drink of that's always fatal, mummy" and walked to the door.

A Sensation  
also saw the unmarked police car and a woman who was waiting outside the nursing home.

Mrs. McShane is now in a psychiatric hospital, having been found in a state of shock after the broadcast.

The police officer responsible for approving the camera device and allowing the TV program, George Terry, said that the police were not involved in the case.

The convicted Mrs. McShane's husband, George, said that she had been confined to the police hospital last night for her own safety.

There were fears that other inmates, watching the film, might harm her.

Mrs. McShane herself was interviewed by the television men and paid \$400 (\$680) for her efforts. She had desperately needed money last year, with debts of her real estate firm estimated at more than \$200,000.

At her trial, the prosecution alleged that Mrs. McShane was her motive for urging the suicide since she was to inherit \$70,000 on her mother's death.

As the viewers saw on that same police film, Mrs. McShane's plan went awry almost at once. As soon as she left her mother's bedroom, attending nurses rushed in and took the barbiturates from Mrs. McShane.

Mrs. McShane died of natural causes last week and the legacy passed to Mrs. McShane.

been shown on British television. The newspaper feared it would "alarm old people" and "multiply Mrs. McShane's notoriety a thousandfold."

The conservative Daily Telegraph criticized the police for turning their tape over to Mr. Deakin and called its television display "hardly immediately bordering upon the voyeuristic."

The Communist Morning Star more or less agreed, condemning "the exploitation of an intrusive, intensely emotional, concealed surveillance."

Few commentators, apart from Mr. Gale, complained that the police use of a concealed camera was intrusive. Most agreed with Shaun Usher, the Daily Mail critic, who said, "Where crime is concerned, fuss about 'fair play' seems irrelevant, even frivolous."

"In Public Interest"  
Labor member of Parliament Robin Corbett, however, said, "This program should frighten every thinking person. The techniques used by the police are those we deplore in the Soviet Union or Chile."

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## Young Rejects S. Africa-Sanction Bid

By Jonathan C. Randal

LAGOS, Aug. 25 (WP)—Andrew Young, U.S. ambassador to the United Nations, today warned radical Africans and their Communist and Third World allies that the United States would not be bludgeoned into accepting unenforceable sanctions against South Africa.

Mr. Young was speaking to the UN-sponsored World Conference for Action Against Apartheid, which is split between radicals and moderates fighting over a final resolution in the drafting committee.

## Cairo Presses UN on Israeli Settlements

Seeks Debate Over Moves in West Bank

CAIRO, Aug. 25 (UPI)—Egypt has formally requested a debate by the UN General Assembly on Israel's policy of establishing "illegal" settlements on occupied Arab lands, the Foreign Ministry announced today.

In a note to UN Secretary-General Kurt Waldheim, Ismail Fahmy, the foreign minister, urged that the General Assembly, at its opening session next month, adopt "the necessary resolutions to preserve international law and the principles of justice and equity in the Middle East."

Diplomatic sources said Egypt has informed the United States about the request and expects the U.S. government to vote for a resolution that would invalidate the creation of Jewish settlements on occupied Arab lands.

Charges Violation  
The note proposed that the question be included in the agenda under the heading "The recent illegal Israeli measures in occupied territories aimed at changing the legal status, geographic nature and demographic structure there in violation of the provisions of the UN Charter."

Israel's international commitments under the fourth Geneva Convention of 1949 and UN resolutions, thereby obstructing efforts for a just and durable peace in the Middle East."

The Geneva Convention covers the rights of civilians in wartime and prohibits any drastic changes in occupied lands.

The United States has publicly stated that Jewish settlements on occupied Arab lands are "illegal" under the terms of the Geneva Convention. President Carter reiterated this position on Tuesday and said that Israel's policy in this connection "creates an unnecessary obstacle to peace."

The Egyptian note cited three recent Israeli measures—last week's move for three new settlements on the Jordan West Bank; the earlier legalization of another three settlements; and the extension of public services to West Bank inhabitants on a par with Israeli citizens.

Begin Backed, Foll Shews  
TEL AVIV, Aug. 25 (AP)—Two-thirds of Israel's urban population supports Prime Minister Menachem Begin in his desire to hold on to the occupied West Bank of the Jordan River, a survey shows.

The findings indicate the support for Mr. Begin was equal to that after his election in May, although the number of persons questioned was much smaller, 455 compared to 1,392.

Prof. Asher Arian, a political scientist at Tel Aviv University, said members of the urban, Jewish public (no farmers or Israeli Arabs were surveyed) were asked in June, "In return for peace, how much of the West Bank should be returned to Arab rule?"

Essential to the new package was a general 4-per-cent increase in interest, which the Premier said would reduce the rate of investment.

Mr. Soares blamed the Communists for many of the country's problems. He accused them of using labor union agitation to sabotage the economy and prevent the government from governing.

He said the nation's workers would have to show more discipline and stop the high rate of absenteeism to restore the nation's economy.

He said that Portugal this year faces a \$1.2-billion trade deficit, with half of its gold reserves already in lock to foreign bankers.

It was the second time since February that the government has announced belt-tightening measures. In February, the government devalued the escudo by 17.7 per cent and slapped heavy import duties on all types of goods.

By then the construction at the first stage of the Bokaro plant, which is expected to eventually

produce 10 million tons of steel annually, had been completed, with a capacity to produce 1.7 million tons every year. Moscow had provided ruble loans, designs and some equipment for the plant, with the actual building done by Indian engineers.

The Soviet agreement, signed in 1963, provided for the continuing assistance from Moscow through completion of the second stage of the mill, which would raise annual output to 4 million tons.

Kremlin Gets Angry  
The abrupt termination of the contract angered Moscow. When Soviet Foreign Minister Andrei Gromyko came to New Delhi late in April, it was reported he remonstrated with the Indian officials. According to a source, however, Mr. Gromyko did not

buoyed by the U.S.-Nigerian rapprochement which he espoused last winter, Mr. Young warned: "It would not make much sense to make agreements here that would be repudiated by our Congress and repudiated by our people." On the eve of the new U.S.-British initiative to bring majority rule to Rhodesia, he said he had sat through days of speeches here in which the Carter administration had been "condemned and blamed and blasted for its imperialism, neo-colonialism and what-have-you."

"I would only call your attention to the fact that we are prob-

ably much more condemned by the government of South Africa," he said. South Africa recently has characterized U.S. policy as "strangulation with finesse."

"Just as I cannot accept the condemnation of this conference," Mr. Young said, "neither can I accept the condemnation—or the credit—that would go with agreeing with Prime Minister [John] Vorster and his South African government."

Praise From Nigerian  
Brig. Joseph Garba, the Nigerian external affairs minister and chairman of the meeting,

hailed the U.S. envoy as a "great Africanist." Brig. Garba said, "To Africa, Andrew Young represents a new and emerging black conscience coming out of America" and is a "symbol of a new and constructive policy of the United States towards Africa."

Brig. Garba insisted, in reply to the radicals, that the Carter administration "had done more than any of its predecessors" to help in the fight against apartheid.

Mr. Young, who believes that nothing can be done in Africa without Nigerian support, credited the Lagos regime with bring-

ing about a "new sensitivity of the West" to apartheid and the problems of southern Africa.

Nigeria, Africa's most populous country, whose oil revenues have boosted its gross national product beyond South Africa's this year, always exercised its power in a "statesmanly, wise and restrained way," Mr. Young said.

Conflict on Sanctions  
The key issue at the conference involves radical demands for mandatory total economic sanctions against South Africa, a ban on peaceful as well as

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Chinese Communist Party Chairman Hua Kuo-feng and Secretary of State Cyrus Vance as they met in the Great Hall of the People for start of their conference.

## Vance Holds Meeting With Hua

By Jay Mathews

PEKING, Aug. 25 (WP)—U.S. Secretary of State Cyrus Vance said today after meeting the Chinese leader, Hua Kuo-feng, that his four-day visit here had helped improve communication, but he indicated no breakthrough on the crucial issue of Taiwan.

Mr. Vance declined to tell newsmen his trip had produced progress toward full diplomatic relations between the United States and China. But he and his aides signaled their pleasure at the high-level reception from the Chinese, particularly the meeting today with Mr. Hua, which was his first with a U.S. official since he succeeded Mao Tse-tung in October.

"I believe that our discussions were important in establishing effective communication between senior officials of our two governments which will continue in the future," Mr. Vance said. "Our talks enhanced our mutual understanding of our respective positions on a wide range of issues... I look forward to continuing our discussions."

The four days of talks, dining and sight-seeing left the firm impression Peking would let the Carter administration work out a way to persuade Congress that Taiwan would not be vulnerable to invasion if Washington removed its troops and ambassadors.

As Mr. Hua's meeting with Mr. Vance began today in the Great Hall of the People, the Commu-

nist party leader and Premier personally endorsed Mr. Vance's cautious statements that the trip was only an "exploratory" mission with no major agreements expected.

"We also think it is good for the new Carter administration to send someone here to explore China and get to know the leaders of China and to explore the development of the situation in China to get to have an understanding of China's views of the international situation and bilateral relations," he said.

Team leader Chang I pointed out that baseball is now considered ideologically compatible with the Peking leadership's aim of transforming China into a strong, modern socialist nation. Baseball games were called off during the 1966-69 Cultural Revolution.

The manager of the People's Liberation Army squad said that the military also was supporting the growth of baseball because it nurtured unity, quick reflexes, and physical fitness among soldiers. Mr. Chang said that the sport has become increasingly popular in China and an association or league was planned sometime this year.

The manner in which a fastball is sent streaking across home plate became a topic of discussion after the Chinese watched American Clyde Wright, formerly with the California Angels and Milwaukee Brewers, hurl a few during practice with his team, Tokyo's Yomiuri Giants. Wang Yung-ping, a pitcher for the Kansu Provincial Nine, asked just how fast is a fastball. Less than a half a second from mound to catcher's mitt was the reply.

"When I'm in good shape, I can throw a fastball in .39 second," the Chinese pitcher boasted.

Chinese Brushing Up on Fastballs  
In Bid to Join 'Major Leagues'

TOKYO, Aug. 25 (AP)—Should the United States and China establish formal diplomatic relations, they may one day be swapping fastballs along with ambassadors. The Chinese are eager to develop "Ben-Lel-da" or "baseball" and sent earlier this month an inspection team to pick up a few pointers from professional ball players in Japan. The team is due to return tomorrow.

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## Smith Is Held Certain to Bar U.S.-U.K. Pact

Salisbury Sources: Plan 'Cynical Exercise'

By Robin Wright

SALISBURY, Aug. 25 (WP)—Prime Minister Ian Smith is certain to reject the latest U.S.-British proposals to end Rhodesia's 12-year-old constitutional crisis, informed sources said today. They said that all but one of the eight points in the plan were rejected during previous negotiations between Rhodesian, U.S. and British representatives.

Although Mr. Smith is not expected to comment on the proposals until he meets with U.S. and British representatives next week, one high-level source said today that official circles in Salisbury were "surprised" the negotiators would offer a plan they knew would be turned down. He described the plan as "a cynical exercise that almost looks like an intentional effort at failure. There is no room for negotiation."

Mr. Smith already has made it clear that he believes that it will take a "miracle" for the Western initiative to be acceptable.

The major point of contention is the dismantling of Rhodesian armed forces in favor of a non-racial peace-keeping force, possibly made up largely of Nigerians. Defense Minister Mark Phair said today: "I would like to make it quite clear that any suggestion that our armed forces be dismantled is totally unacceptable, and any suggestion that they might be merged with terrorists or replaced by some Communist-wealth force is also totally unacceptable."

The possibility that Rhodesian nationalists' guerrillas, now stationed in Tanzania but not active in the five-year war, would be used is "completely anathema, the equivalent of inviting the enemy to take over," a government source added.

Mr. Smith has argued that security of whites could not be guaranteed unless elements of the current army were maintained.

The general absence of guarantees for whites is the second major objection. The \$1-billion development fund, which reportedly emphasizes incentives for whites to stay in Rhodesia, is not enough to ease the insecurities of the 270,000 whites, outnumbered more than 20 to one by Africans.

The Smith government has consistently demanded four safeguards as prerequisites for a peaceful settlement:

- Special representation for whites in Parliament.
- Property rights insured against nationalization.
- The independence of the civil service, judiciary, police and armed forces from politics, with the armed forces and police remaining in "responsible hands."
- A restricted franchise on the

(Continued on Page 2, Col. 4)

## India Cancels Soviet Steel-Mill Pact, Turns to U.S. for Aid

By Kasturi Rangan

NEW DELHI, Aug. 25 (NYT)—India has quietly terminated an agreement with the Soviet Union and turned instead to the United States for technical help in the expansion of the Bokaro steel plant in the eastern state of Bihar.

In April, it has been learned, soon after the new Janata party took over the government, Steel Minister Biju Patnaik ordered the country's four public sector steel mills to "dispense" with the Russians and use Indian knowledge and skill in the expansion program.

By then the construction at the first stage of the Bokaro plant, which is expected to eventually

produce 10 million tons of steel annually, had been completed, with a capacity to produce 1.7 million tons every year. Moscow had provided ruble loans, designs and some equipment for the plant, with the actual building done by Indian engineers.

The Soviet agreement, signed in 1963, provided for the continuing assistance from Moscow through completion of the second stage of the mill, which would raise annual output to 4 million tons.

Kremlin Gets Angry  
The abrupt termination of the contract angered Moscow. When Soviet Foreign Minister Andrei Gromyko came to New Delhi late in April, it was reported he remonstrated with the Indian officials. According to a source, however, Mr. Gromyko did not

make an issue of it when it was explained to him that there was nothing political in the decision, but rather that it was motivated by the desire to depend on indigenous skill and resources in the expansion of the Bokaro plant.

An official at the steel authority said yesterday that it was found the Soviet Union did not possess the know-how that would be required for the second stage of construction, which involved "sophisticated technology."

For example, he said, the Soviet Union itself depended on Western technical skill for the design and construction of cold rolling mills that are essential for making superior tensile steel.

India did not possess the expertise either, he conceded. The termination of the Soviet agree-

ment freed the country to seek expertise where it was available.

"Only the United States and Japan have the know-how in sophisticated steel technology," he said.

Government Consortium  
The expansion of the showcase Bokaro mill would be done by a consortium of three Indian engineering concerns, all government-owned, he added, which in turn would take the help of foreign companies specializing in particular technology.

Negotiations are in progress with two U.S. companies—the Armco Steel Corp. and Wean United Inc., the official said. (Both companies have confirmed their participation in negotiations.)

Significantly, the Soviet Union

became involved with the Bokaro project only after the failure of negotiations with a consortium of steel companies in the United States. Earlier, the Soviet Union had constructed the first public sector steel plant in Bhilai, in Madhya Pradesh, which is now producing 3 million tons of steel a year. And it continues to be associated with the expansion of this plant, to produce 4 million tons of steel ingots, mostly for use in such relatively unsophisticated equipment as rails.

Two other smaller public sector mills now in operation are a British-built plant at Durgapur, in West Bengal, and a West German mill at Rourkela in Orissa.

Together with two privately owned steel mills, these bring India's annual output to 7 million tons.

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## Trip's Aim Not Disclosed

## Begin's Talks With Romania Marked by Secrecy, Security

By Malcolm W. Browne

BUCHAREST, Aug. 25 (UPI)—In an atmosphere of secrecy and stringent security, Israeli Prime Minister Menachem Begin arrived here today and began four days of talks with leaders of Romania—the only Communist country that recognizes Israel.

The purpose of Mr. Begin's trip was not disclosed in detail by either the Romanian or Israeli officials, beyond a general statement that the situation in the Middle East and bilateral relations would be discussed.

But within the unique relationship maintained by Romania and Israel, discussions could well include the clandestine sale of South African chrome ore, problems of anti-Semitism, and matters of war and peace.

The roads and streets between

the Bucharest airport and the city were cleared of all traffic by a small army of edgy policemen, and Mr. Begin's motorcade sped into town even before foreign newsmen were permitted to enter the airport area.

Streets downtown were nearly deserted, and the only Israeli flag in evidence was the one flying from Mr. Begin's car.

Hoping for No Incidents  
"We're keeping our fingers crossed that there won't be any attempted terrorist incidents," a Romanian official said. Romania has relations with all Arab countries, and many Arab and Palestinian students live here.

Mr. Begin today dismissed speculation that he would confer with Arab or Soviet leaders during his Romania visit. Interviewed in Tel Aviv before his departure, Mr. Begin said, "No mediation is being considered by Romania between us and the Arabs or us and Moscow."

Any speculation that Mr. Begin's visit might herald a new era in Israeli-Romanian relations was dispelled in an article last week in the Romanian Communist party organ, *Scinteia*.

The newspaper denounced Israel for its continued "occupation" of the West Bank of the Jordan and of Gaza. Romanian officials said privately they saw little likelihood that Israeli policies on the matter will change as the result of Mr. Begin's visit.

But despite the gulf between the Soviet bloc and Israel, areas of strong mutual interest remain between them. Rumors have resulted from a report Aug. 19 in the Jordanian newspaper *Al-Rai* that Israel and the Soviet Union soon would re-establish diplomatic relations.

In that context, Romania could serve as an intermediary between Moscow and Jerusalem.

Mr. Begin is talking mainly with Romanian Prime Minister Manea Manescu but will also confer with the nation's President and Communist party leader Nicolae Ceausescu.

## Egyptians in Bucharest

BUCHAREST, Aug. 25 (AP)—Romanian Communist party chief Nicolae Ceausescu and an Egyptian parliamentary delegation said today in a joint statement that there was a need to act even more resolutely for the political settlement of the Middle East situation.

Mr. Ceausescu's reception of the Egyptian delegation on the same day that Mr. Begin arrived may have been a coincidence.

But it provided Mr. Ceausescu with the opportunity to repeat Romania's stand on the Middle East: Israel should withdraw from all territories occupied after the 1967 war; the settlement of the Palestinian question should include the setting up of a free and independent Palestinian state, and the sovereignty and independence of all states in the region should be guaranteed.



CELEBRATION—In Nhlanguano, Swaziland, part of King Sobhuza's own regiment marches past as his 74th birthday is marked. The men are carrying wooden clubs with rounded heads. In this picture, one man is carrying a trombone.

## Clash in Naples At Krause Rally

NAPLES, Aug. 25 (UPI)—At least nine persons, including seven policemen, were wounded today during a rock-throwing melee between the supporters of urban guerrilla Petra Krause and the police.

The violence occurred shortly after the German-born Mrs. Krause addressed a rally of 1,500 supporters in a Naples park celebrating her release from jail late last night after being extradited from Switzerland Aug. 15.

As Mrs. Krause left the park, about 350 leftists, known as "the Autonomous Ones," began hurling cobblestones at security forces, the police said. They responded with a charge on the crowd, using riot sticks. About 20 persons were arrested.

Mrs. Krause, who is charged with acts of urban terrorism in Italy and Switzerland, told the rally that prisoners in Swiss jails sometimes are held five to six years in isolation before their cases come to trial.

## Malaysian Boy Faces Execution

PINANG, Malaysia, Aug. 25 (Reuters)—A Pinang court sentenced a 14-year-old boy to death today for unlawful possession of a pistol and ammunition.

It was the first death sentence passed on a juvenile since the Internal Security Act was amended in 1975 to mandate the death penalty for arms offenses. The boy denied that he had any knowledge of the contents of a plastic packet, containing the weapon and bullets, found in his possession.

About 45 persons have been sentenced to death, most of them convicted for illegal possession of guns. None of the sentences has been carried out, pending appeals.



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## Pan Am's People



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## Below the Sahara

## East Germans Again Reported Active in African Turbulence

By Michael Getler

BONN, Aug. 25 (WP)—For the second time in less than four months, East Germany has been reported on the scene as turbulent young states of Africa battle. East Germany, a steadfast Warsaw Pact ally of the Soviet Union, is becoming increasingly involved in activities in black Africa below the Sahara.

In May, Zaire expelled East German diplomats and suspended relations, accusing East Berlin of supplying arms to the anti-government rebels in Shaba, formerly Katanga, Province.

Today, Ethiopia and Somalia are moving closer to war in the Ogaden Desert. Among the foreign forces that observers are noting in both capitals, there seem to be a number of East Germans.

Though Western attention continues to focus on the major role of Cuba and the Soviet Union in Africa, East Germany, without attracting much attention, has made inroads into several of the more revolutionary nations in the last two years. Western specialists now rank it as the third most influential Communist power in the area.

## Angolan Role

East Germany quickly recognized the new Popular Front government in Angola in 1975 and is well established there, reportedly with several hundred persons in the country and the largest presence after Cuba and the Soviet Union. In Mozambique, East Germany now has the largest embassy staff of any Eastern country, including the Soviet Union.

But in recent months, the East German presence has been expanding most noticeably in the Horn of Africa, and especially in Ethiopia. Many of the East German activities are traditional and open, such as development, technical and humanitarian aid programs, trade missions, trade union and student exchanges.

The East Germans also carry out policies for the Soviet Union in areas where an increased Soviet presence might be sensitive or unwelcome. Africa's developing states are an attractive target for East German foreign policy, providing an arena where the country can gather official recognition, lay the groundwork for new embassies to be set up in East Berlin, compete more evenly with West Germany and help undermine the Bonn government's efforts and image in Africa.

## More Volatile Field

There are, however, also increasing signs that East German support for leftist, liberation movements is moving more frequently now into more volatile, yet generally well camouflaged, forms of aid such as supplying small arms and providing military training.

Though the East Germans are extremely discreet about such things, specialists estimate that the East Germans had only about 100 military advisers and technicians in sub-Saharan Africa in 1973. Today, they estimate the figure between 300 and 400.

The Soviet presence is much larger, but it has not increased by as large a percentage. The Soviet Union, sources estimate, had 1,000 military advisers and technicians in 1973 and now has about 2,300.

Although the East Germans denied Zaire's allegations of providing arms to rebels, reliable sources say there was evidence of such weapons and that the development was significant in that it was a new role for the East Germans. The small-arms supplies flowing into such areas have been dominated mostly by Czechoslovak weapons.

## Pilot Training

Sizable numbers of military specialists are said to be training forces, including pilots, in Angola, with smaller numbers in the People's Republic of the Congo, Somalia and Mozambique. In Mozambique and Ethiopia,

## Kappler's Tale Of Jail Escape Reported Sold

SOLTAU, West Germany, Aug. 25 (UPI)—A West German picture magazine has paid a large sum for the story of the escape from Italy of Herbert Kappler, the former Nazi police chief in Rome, Mayor Jochen Rothardt said today.

He said that the story was sold to the picture magazine by Mrs. Kappler, who smuggled her husband out of a Rome prison hospital Aug. 15 in a wardrobe trunk.

Mr. Rothardt, a lawyer, said that he helped draw up the contract. He said he thought the illustrated story would appear soon.

The West German Justice Ministry is examining an Italian request for Kappler's extradition. But justice officials have said that the country's constitution bars the extradition of Germans to foreign nations.

## Young Says U.S. Won't Back Unrealistic S. Africa Sanction

(Continued from Page 1)

thousands of miles away and whose only contribution to the struggle is the rhetoric of bitterness and frustration.

Explaining the Carter administration's evolving African policy, Mr. Young told delegates that "our job is to move a trillion-dollar economy and a massive establishment, which can work for good or ill, in the direction of a moral and responsible position towards the continent of Africa."

## Smith Held Set to Reject

(Continued from Page 1)

basis of education and financial qualifications. There are some indications that Mr. Smith may be willing to accept one-man, one-vote, but only if the other checks and balances can be firmly entrenched.

The reported plan—which has not yet been fully outlined to Mr. Smith—is so futile in the eyes of officials here that one government source said today that he did not see any point to talks in Salisbury next week between Mr. Smith, British Foreign Secretary David Owen and Andrew Young, the United States ambassador to the United Nations.

"I think they know this is a no-go. It appears that all the British and American governments are after is some kind of new image in black Africa, that they at least tried to bring down Mr. Smith. There is no way they can honestly believe these proposals will be accepted by anyone here. If that is really what they plan to offer us, we don't want to hear it," the source said.

## Police Are Braced For New Unrest In San Sebastian

MADRID, Aug. 25 (UPI)—Police today controlled key points in San Sebastian to prevent a renewal of the street violence that has driven thousands of tourists from the Basque region's biggest seaside resort.

For the sixth consecutive day, protesters demanding home rule and the freeing of Basque prisoners clashed with police in several towns last night. In San Sebastian, they moved city buses and parked cars to build barricades.

The protests center on Miguel Angel Apalategui, 22, a separatist held by French authorities pending a decision on a Spanish extradition request. Spain accuses Mr. Apalategui of involvement in the kidnapping last June of Bilbao industrialist Javier Ybarra, who was murdered by his captors after his family refused to pay a 1-billion-peseta (\$9.8 million) ransom.

## Eritrean Rebels Reportedly Take Strategic Town

DAMASCUS, Aug. 25 (Reuters)—Eritrean separatist guerrillas battling the Ethiopian Army have captured the strategic town of Mandafara and encircled the Red Sea port of Massawa, a guerrilla spokesman said today.

Mandafara is 52 kilometers south of Asmara, Eritrea's capital, on the main highway to Addis Ababa. The main road from Asmara to Massawa was also cut, the spokesman said. Asmara is now being supplied by air, he added.

The spokesman said that Mandafara fell yesterday after two weeks of fierce fighting to forces of the Eritrean Liberation Front, Revolutionary Council, one of three guerrilla movements struggling for independence for Ethiopia's Red Sea province.

Meanwhile, a peace mission from the Malagasy government has met Somali President Mohamed Siad Barre in a renewed attempt to mediate in the war with Ethiopia, the Mogadishu radio reported today.

The delegation opened talks in the Somali and Ethiopian capitals a week ago but there has so far been no progress. In a broadcast monitored in Nairobi the radio said that the Malagasy team met President Barre last night.

## Former Aide to Gandhi Is Released on Bail

NEW DELHI, Aug. 25 (Reuters)—India's former defense minister, Banaji Lal, was freed on bail today, two days after his arrest on corruption charges, the Samachar news agency reported.

Banaji Lal, 49, one of the closest confidants of former Prime Minister Indira Gandhi, is charged with misappropriation of funds belonging to the youth wing of Mrs. Gandhi's ousted Congress party.

## E. German Flees

BERLIN, Aug. 25 (AP)—A 21-year-old East German climbed over border obstacles and reached West Berlin early today but received chest injuries while scrambling over the barricades, police said.

## Australia Opposition to Fight

## Fraser Approves Exploitation Of Vast Uranium Reserves

CANBERRA, Aug. 25 (AP)—The Australian government gave long-awaited approval today to the mining and export of uranium.

Prime Minister Malcolm Fraser said that the operations would be conducted under strict environmental and international safeguards. The announcement came after months of deliberations by the Fraser government following a two-year environmental study. Government officials told reporters last week that the mining ban would be lifted, and that the details were being completed by Mr. Fraser's Cabinet.

Although the decision eventually could bring \$1 billion a year to the hard-pressed Australian economy, it is certain to create a political fight, with Mr. Fraser's conservative Liberal-Country party and business interests siding against the opposition Labor party, leftist trade unions and anti-uranium groups.

A national convention of the Labor party last month called for a moratorium on mining and export of uranium and announced that it would repudiate any export agreements by the Fraser government if it was control of Parliament in the next election. Labor spokesmen reiterated the party's stand today.

Other groups opposing uranium operations have labeled their fight as the most significant since opposition to Australia's involvement in the Vietnam war during the 1960s.

Mr. Fraser's decision will allow immediate development of the Ranger deposit in Australia's Northern Territory, where estimates of uranium reserves vary from 85,000 to more than 100,000 metric tons. The government owns 72 per cent of Ranger.

Three more deposits in the same area are to be developed, after environmental study of each deposit. Proven reserves for the four deposits are estimated at 400,000 metric tons, or about one-third of the world's proven reserves.

The value of Australia's uranium is estimated at \$25 billion at current prices.

Mr. Fraser told Parliament, "The export of Australian uranium will decrease the risks of further proliferation of nuclear weapons and will support and strengthen the nuclear nonproliferation treaty. It will help make a safer world."

"The advent of Australia as a major supplier of uranium will make certain that Australia's voice on this most vital problem of international affairs—nuclear weapons proliferation—will be heard," he said.

He added that Australia had a moral responsibility to reduce nuclear weapons proliferation by responding to the needs of many countries for adequate assurances of uranium supplies.

Deputy Prime Minister Doug Anthony said that production and sales from the Ranger project would begin in 1981-1982 at a rate of 2,000 short tons a year, with an increase to 10,000 short tons by 1985-86.

The government did not disclose its potential customers but they are expected to include Japan, Western Europe and the United States.

Exports, Mr. Fraser said, would be subject to safeguards that would be "stricter and more rigorous than any adopted by any country to date." The controls are to include a combination of international supervision and bilateral agreements.

Stricter Controls  
Mr. Fraser said that strict environmental laws would be applied, including uniform codes for the actual mining and processing of ore.

The government also announced it would establish a special fund of about \$450 million to assist aboriginal tribes in the mining areas.

Today's decision is expected to bring reaction from uranium opponents. In recent weeks, demonstrators and police clashed in Melbourne and Brisbane over the export of small amounts of uranium from the country's only producing mine, the money-losing Mary Kathleen facility in Queensland.

Opinion polls show that more Australians approve the mining and export of uranium. A Gallup poll last week showed 48 per cent favored uranium mining, compared to 51 per cent two months ago, while 37 per cent opposed it. The remainder was undecided.

## Bonn Is Pleased

BONN, Aug. 25 (Reuters)—Government officials here welcomed the Australian decision.

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came Australia's decision today. West Germany has been affected by the U.S. and Canadian suspensions of uranium exports pending a review of their safeguards systems.

## Japan Greets Decision

TOKYO, Aug. 25 (Reuters)—Japanese power companies expressed approval today of Mr. Fraser's order to go ahead with the operations.

## Vance Is Silent on All Details After Peking Talks With

(Continued from Page 1)  
lateral issues and to have an exchange of views," Mr. Hua said. "We think that such an exploration is good."

Mr. Vance had reportedly sought a clarification of the Chinese attitude toward such devices as continued sale of arms to Taiwan after all formal ties have been cut with the island. Asking if he now understood Peking's position on such matters, Mr. Vance said, "I believe I do." He declined to describe any specific discussion that took place during his talks with Foreign Minister Huang Hua, Vice-Premier Teng Hsiao-ping and Mr. Hua, saying he wanted first to report personally to President Carter.

Mr. Vance indicated he had told the Chinese of the need for some kind of congressional approval of normalization and of reluctance on Capitol Hill to jettison the mutual defense treaty with Taiwan immediately. The Chinese demand that Washington remove its troops and ambassadors and its defense treaty with Taiwan before normalizing relations. Chinese officials have seemed unaware in the past of the Carter administration's need to get congressional approval for such a drastic move that could rile conservative voters.

Asked if he still believed in President Carter's recent suggestion that normalization might come before 1979, Mr. Vance said, "I wouldn't wish to contradict the President in any way."

Mr. Vance said the two sides had discussed issues such as cultural exchanges, trade and the problem of old U.S. claims on property in China and Chinese assets frozen in U.S. banks. He gave no indication of any progress but said "talks will continue."

Mr. Vance met Mr. Hua, who also has a new admiral that must communicate with the U.S. late this afternoon in reception hall. The admiral, who is a former U.S. naval officer, said he had been in the U.S. for a long time and was now in the U.S. for a long time.

A State Department spokesman said the talks covered a range of issues but he said no details. The meeting lasted in length to please both sides. U.S. officials said that Mr. Vance's meeting in December 1976 was scheduled tomorrow. On his visit to the secretary is to stop in Tokyo to discuss the Japanese leaders, who have been in the U.S. for a long time.

Mr. Vance is scheduled to meet Mr. Hua, who also has a new admiral that must communicate with the U.S. late this afternoon in reception hall. The admiral, who is a former U.S. naval officer, said he had been in the U.S. for a long time and was now in the U.S. for a long time.

## Beirut Blast Kills 3, Hurts Rightists Call Military Cl

BEIRUT, Aug. 25 (NYT)—A bomb exploded in the center of Beirut today, killing three persons and wounding 12. Police said that some of the injuries were critical.

Meanwhile, a Muslim Druze leader was killed in an ambush in the town of Chouf south of Beirut where 17 persons were killed in clashes last Sunday between the Druzes and Christian rightists.

Rightist Christian leaders today began a three-day meeting at Ehden, with the events at Chouf dominating the discussions. They have summoned military commanders of the Christian militias to a meeting in Ehden tomorrow.

Sources said that the commanders are preparing to declare a full mobilization of their forces in what is developing into the worst crisis since the civil-war truce was declared last November.

The Christian leaders, including former President Camille Chamoun, issued a statement warning that they will take strong measures of their own if the government does not act to deal with the situation in the Chouf district and protect Christians there.

The bomb exploded at a crowded vegetable market on the edge of Martyrs' Square early this morning.

Most of the casualties were among peddlers and porters. The market is on the fringes of the line that theoretically divides the city between Muslims and Christians. The division was made last November with the arrival of

30,000 Syrian troops a League truce force. The explosion and heightened tension followed last Sunday in the Chouf district.

The man killed in the ambush was identified as Hussein He was described as a member of the Progressive Social Party founded by the late Khalil and now led by Walid. Mr. Jumblatt was in the Chouf March.

## Sept. 7 Signi Is Said Set 1 Panama Pa

PANAMA CITY, Aug. 25 (AP)—A high-ranking Panamanian official said that the new Canal treaties will be signed Sept. 7 in Washington.

The date was arranged a 24-minute telephone call between Mr. Carter, Torrijos yesterday, he said.

White House Press Jody Powell said early today that the treaties, if put into final form, signed within "a few weeks." Once signed, they must be approved by the U.S. Senate and by the Panamanian Congress. They are expected to be signed grudgingly.

## Protesters Clash With Police In Philippines After Lock

MANILA, Aug. 25.—About a thousand students and factory workers clashed with riot police tonight in Manila after they were locked out of a school where they had planned to hold a dialogue on human rights. Police and protesters were injured and figures were available.

Delegates to the World Law Conference being held here were to have addressed the rally, but police cordoned off the grounds of St. Theresa's College before it got under way. The crowd, chanting slogans against President Ferdinand Marcos and his martial-law regime, responded with rocks and bottles. Water cannon were used to break up the fighting after about three hours.

Earlier this week, as the law conference began, Mr. Marcos announced that he was relaxing his regime and would hold local elections next year, release more political prisoners and allow

## China Hai Best Cleri

PEKING, Aug. 25 (Reuters)—Hsieh Yu-chien, 23, was proclaimed China's first railroad ticket clerk, issued a record 630,000 tickets without making a mistake. Chinese news agency reported.

It said the downfall "Gang of Four" in inspired Miss Hsieh's success. Within six she had memorized the correct fares to 400 station agency added.

مكتبة ابن بطوطة



## Egedly Pressured

### bes Whether Official ed Ga. Bank Scrutiny

By Nicholas M. Horrock

Aug. 25 (NYT).—The IRS, which has been investigating the Calhoun bank for the controller's office, said that the internal investigation was still under way and that he could not comment on details of the inquiry.

The IRS investigators were called in by Controller John Helmann to find out whether any matters involving Mr. Lance's bank or his nomination proceedings had been handled improperly by officials of the controller's office.

Meanwhile, Jody Powell, the White House spokesman, said that neither President Carter nor his staff had made any attempt to influence banking authorities in their decision to lift the restrictions against the Calhoun bank. Mr. Powell acknowledged that John Moore, a member of Mr. Carter's transition team, had talked with Mr. Lance's lawyer last year about whether the Calhoun bank problems should be made public. But "at no time did he attempt to influence the controller on this matter," Mr. Powell said.

The discussion about making the problems public occurred Dec. 1, more than a week after Mr. Tarleton's decision. Mr. Powell said a newsman had asked a question about the issue and the acting controller, Robert Bloom, was prohibited from answering it without the Calhoun bank's permission.

Details Not Revealed

Mr. Bloom called Mr. Lance, who in turn asked his lawyer, Sidney Smith, to deal with the question. Mr. Moore acted as a consultant on the matter, Mr. Powell said, "so as to inform the President what happened."

Mr. Powell said that details of the Calhoun agreement were not made public because the reporter did not press the question.

Mr. Tarleton was questioned under oath by IRS investigators Tuesday. Mr. Lee was questioned earlier.

Mr. Tarleton was said to have been asked about the Lee incident, about why he decided to terminate an agreement with Mr. Lance's bank and under what conditions he accepted a free airplane ride from another bank, formerly controlled by Mr. Lance, the National Bank of Georgia.

Mr. Tarleton also was asked, the sources said, whether he had taken any actions in connection with Mr. Lance on the instructions of superiors in the controller's office or under outside political pressure.

His answers were not disclosed.

Overdrafts Criticized

Mr. Lance's Calhoun bank was criticized by bank examiners in April 1975, on the ground that it permitted bank officials and their families to have sizable overdrafts of their checking accounts.

The controller's office obtained an agreement with Calhoun bank officials that they would correct deficiencies at the bank, and examiners routinely checked to see if the deficiencies had been corrected.

In October, 1976, the bank was given a favorable report by the examiner. At the same time, an official of the controller's office said in an interview two weeks ago, the bank officials requested that the agreement be rescinded on the ground that they had complied with its terms.

On Nov. 23, three weeks after Mr. Carter was elected and shortly before it was publicly known that Mr. Lance would be nominated to head the Office of Management and Budget, Mr. Tarleton rescinded the agreement. Shortly after that, Robert Bloom, the acting controller, sent out a directive saying that such agreements should not be rescinded without his approval, but the action remained in force.

Mr. Bloom sent a full endorsement of Mr. Lance to the Senate Governmental Affairs Committee before his nomination hearing, and it only briefly mentioned the overdrafts.

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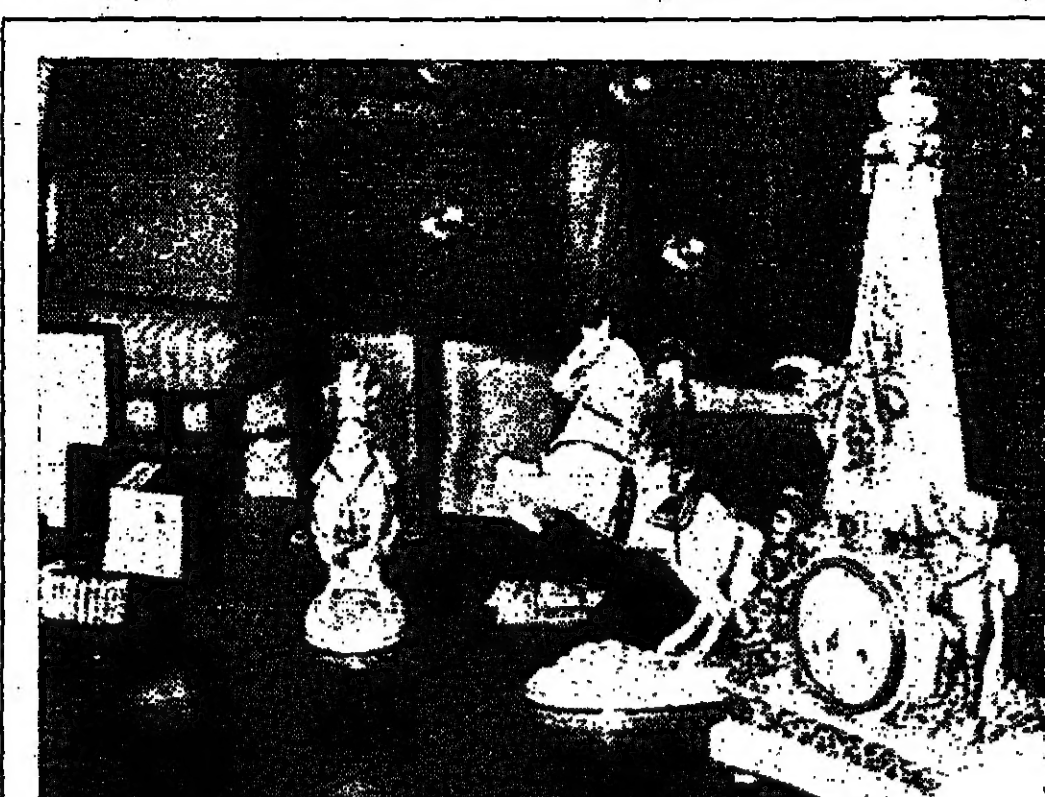
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GIFTS to Richard Nixon and his family from foreign governments on display Wednesday by the General Services Administration in Washington. The GSA said all the gifts will ultimately go on public display. A federal judge ruled that the State Department can search Richard Nixon's impounded documents to make sure no other expensive gifts are missing. Gifts shown are a gold bracelet from Venezuela, two porcelain figures from Austria and Louis XVI clock from France.

## Chemical Is Linked to Sterility

### U.S. Crackdown on Pesticide Urged

WASHINGTON, Aug. 25 (WP).

—Accusing the federal government of turning its back on workers in the huge agricultural chemical industry, two groups have called for a crackdown on a pesticide linked to sterility.

In related moves, the Oil, Chemical and Atomic Workers Union and Ralph Nader's Health Research Group asked for emergency controls on the manufacture and use of dibromochloropropane (DBCP), a pesticide used to kill worms in the soil.

The pesticide has been linked to 26 cases of male sterility in a chemical plant at LaPorte, Calif., and to additional cases in a plant at Magnolia, Ark. It has also been found to cause cancer and other health disorders in animals.

In requesting that the Occupational Safety and Health Administration set restrictive emergency standards governing worker exposure to DBCP, A.F. Grossman, president of OCAW, said his union feels "that the regulatory indifference to the many toxic substances used throughout the entire agricultural chemical industry has reached crisis proportions."

"The OCAW alone has approximately 18,000 members employed in this industry," he continued. "These workers are exposed to every variety of pesticide, animal-feed additive and other fertilizer chemicals, the majority of which remain untested or improperly tested."

He asked OSHA chief Eula Bingham to set an emergency standard for worker exposure of one part DBCP per billion parts of air, the lowest amount scientifically measurable. He also requested a broad testing program to search for incidents of cancer and sterility among workers.

There are no federal standards governing DBCP use. Industrial sources, however, recommend an informal standard of one part per million parts of air.

The Health Research Group asked the Environmental Protection Agency for an immediate ban on scores of products containing DBCP.

EPA has had DBCP on a suspect list for months, and is expected to decide within several weeks whether to call the chemical into question under a process wherein manufacturers will have to prove its safety.

Dow Chemical and Shell Chemical, the two largest producers of the chemical, have temporarily halted its manufacture. A spokesman for Shell last night said, "We certainly support anything that will improve conditions in the workplace as long as it's reasonable." The spokesman expressed doubts that the one part DBCP per billion parts of air standard was reasonable.

More Cases in Arkansas

MIDLAND, Mich., Aug. 25 (AP).—Nearly half of 75 workers tested at a Dow Chemical Co. plant in Arkansas for possible sterility produced little or no sperm after exposure to the pesticide DBCP, according to Dow officials here.

Dow's confirmation yesterday of the new test results follows initial reports from the company that sterility or low sperm counts were evident in 12 of the first 14 workers tested at its plant in Magnolia, Ark.

Z. K. Rowe, a Dow toxicologist who was an author of studies on DBCP 20 years ago, said scientists did not foresee sterility in humans exposed to low levels of DBCP despite animal tests which linked the chemical to numerous medical problems, including sterility.

Mr. Rowe said one of the most puzzling questions is why the workers did not develop other medical problems. Animal tests showed damage to the liver and kidneys, he explained, and through the years workers were given routine medical exams that included liver tests but not sperm counts.

Louvre Closed by Strike

PARIS, Aug. 25 (AP).—A strike closed the Louvre this morning but the museum reopened in the afternoon.

CHINON POCKET 8

THE WORLD'S SMALLEST SUPER 8 MOVIE CAMERA PLUS FULL LENS INTERCHANGEABILITY

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UN Guides Strike For Birth Benefits

UNITED NATIONS, Aug. 25 (UPI).—The United Nations Building, one of New York's major tourist attractions and usually crowded with visitors, was nearly empty yesterday. Its tour guides were on strike in a protest over pregnancy benefits.

More than 30 of the guides, women in their early 30s representing a dozen nationalities, went on a "wildcat" strike in a dispute with the UN Secretariat management over the pregnancy benefits. The UN has 44 guides, including 4 men.

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Soviet Mathematician Allowed to Emigrate

MOSCOW, Aug. 25 (UPI).—The family of ailing young Soviet mathematician Grigori Chudnovsky was given official documents today allowing it to emigrate to Israel.

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## To Get Mexicans Admitted

### Peruvian Used U.S. Loophole To 'Create' Legal Documents

By James P. Sterba

EL PASO, Texas, Aug. 25 (NYT).—Around McAllen, Texas, and Monterrey, Mexico, he was known simply as "Oscar," an ingenious Peruvian with a touch for turning illegal aliens into U.S. citizens. What he was doing was legal, he told many of his Mexican clients, who paid \$300 to \$1,400 each for his services.

But on May 14, 1976, U.S. immigration agents opened the trunk of his car and found the paper tools of a multimillion-dollar fraud business so simple, profitable and foolproof that it made a mockery of U.S. citizenship requirements.

Used Birth Certificates

Oscar Elias Malca considered counterfeit U.S. birth certificates too dangerous. He dealt only in the genuine article, issued in his clients' names and stamped by the state authorities. To get them, always by mail, he made up evidence, showing that his clients had been born here and were thus qualified for delayed certification of U.S. birth.

His plan worked for about 800 illegal aliens, many of whom immigration agents are still trying to track down.

Malca's success illustrates how easy it is to take advantage of government procedures for issuing paper identification. Officials of the U.S. Immigration and Naturalization Service said that, unless the keepers of state records tighten procedures, federal efforts proposed by President Carter to curb illegal immigration will be easily thwarted.

Although Malca is serving a 13-year sentence in federal prison, immigration officials said that dozens of document dealers like him continue to use similar techniques. Malca took advantage of laws that in most states allow persons born in the United States but who were not registered at the time, to create a record of their birth later if they can provide evidence from local or personal records.

In past decades, their parents may have neglected to register their births with local officials. In the early 1950s, thousands of illegal aliens working in the United States had children but were afraid to register them for fear that they would be deported. Others were ignorant of the law that allows all persons born in this country to become citizens automatically.

Start With Signature

Malca, who represented himself as a lawyer in McAllen, got each client to sign a blank piece of paper on which he would write a letter to the Texas Bureau of Vital Statistics in Austin. In the letter, the client would say that he had been born in a south Texas town and then request a copy of the birth certificate.

The Border Patrol chiefs also said that Mr. Carter's amnesty proposal is having an impact. Roger Stout, stationed with the Border Patrol in Laredo, Texas, said: "A lot of the ones we're catching tell us they came because they heard about the amnesty and figured they had to get here to take advantage of it."

Mr. Carter, early this month, proposed two forms of amnesty. Aliens who could prove that they had arrived in the United States before 1970 would be eligible for permanent resident status and a chance to become citizens.

Aliens who arrived before 1977

9 End Hunger Strike Over Austrian A-Plant

VIENNA, Aug. 25 (Reuters).—Nine women today called off a hunger strike outside the offices of Chancellor Bruno Kreisky, after being assured that Austria's first nuclear power station would not be tested until Parliament had debated the project.

The women, aged 18 to 68, started their fast five days ago because they feared a trial run of the plant proposed for next month might prejudice a parliamentary vote on the project.

U.S. Coal Miners Snub Union Plea, Remain Off Jobs

LOUISVILLE, Ky., Aug. 25 (AP).—About 30,000 coal miners remained off their jobs in Kentucky and West Virginia today in a wildcat strike following a night of violent clashes between strikers and non-strikers in West Virginia.

The walkouts, which began nine weeks ago after a cutback in workers' medical benefits, continued despite attempts by the United Mine Workers Union to get the men back to work.

In West Virginia, where about 20,000 miners remained on strike, police reported that shots were exchanged last night when two rival UMW groups clashed. At least one man was injured when he was pulled from his truck and beaten, they said. No gunshot injuries were reported.

The incident began after 10 shots were fired from the direction of about 40 miners who said they would not return to work as directed in an order issued on Monday by the union.

## The British Are Coming - A Bit Closer

LONDON, Aug. 24 (Reuters).—The British Isles soon will be moved about 190 meters (600 feet) nearer to Europe.

A British admiral has discovered that existing charts and maps, some dating to 1795, are not quite accurate. Photos taken by satellite orbiting U.S. navigation satellites show that the maps need to be redrawn and the British Isles moved fractionally nearer the European continent.

Rear Adm. David Haslam said that the Scilly Isles also would be moved on the new maps—about 74 meters farther west and 64 meters north. And the Shetland Islands also are affected. They will be moved 63 meters south and 116 meters west.

Adm. Haslam discovered Haslam's Reef off the Pacific Solomon Islands and the Haslam Patches in the Gulf.

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## Moves Step Nearer Note on Independence

By Henry Giniger

Aug. 25 (NYT).—The government's desire to obtain a popular mandate for Quebec's political sovereignty.

Despite Mr. Burns' assertion that the government plan was designed to give an equal chance to all sides of the question, the white paper and the subsequent bill were likely to provoke strong debate.

On the independence issue, proponents of any particular option would be dumped into a single committee whose mandate and expenditures would be strictly controlled. The white paper left the possibility that more than two options could be presented to the electorate—for example, the present federal system, pure independence and a combination of political sovereignty and economic association with the rest of Canada, the choice favored by the Parti Quebecois. Thus a referendum committee would be formed for each of the three options and it alone would decide how money would be spent.

The actual question or questions to be put to the electorate would be determined by the government, which would submit it in the form of a bill to the legislature, where it has comfortable majority, for debate and approval.

On Held

Aug. 25 (UPI).—Soviet negotiators in the current round of the 21, 1977, was next Thursday.

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- 1977 -	Stocks and	Sls.	Jan.	Ch'ge Prev.
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- 1977 -	Stocks and	Sls.	Jan.	Ch'ge Prev.

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**AGENT**

COMPANY	INDUS.	1977 HIGH-LOW	CLOS. PRICE APR. 25	MON.-WED. HIGH-LOW	P/E	b YIELD (%)	EARN. PER SHR.— 74 75 76	SHRS. OUTST. (000)	LATEST COMPANY NEWS
AQUITAINE .....	Petrol.	321 - 297	302	295 - 290	5	5.3	89.74 - 88.00 - 55.63c	14,774	1976 net dividend of Fr. 16 confirmed (vs. Fr. 15 in 1975).
BOUYGUES .....	Contract.	350.50 - 275	302	299 - 348	12	9.9	50.73 - 55.92 - 30.24c	600	76 net dividend of Fr. 21.20 (up 6.9% vs. 75) payable as of June 22.
BSN GVERAIS DANONE .....	Glass, food	552 - 362	466	466 - 468.18	23	5.4	28.28 - 24.17 - 29.13c	2,332	1st 5 months '77 global turnover up 12% vs. '76 at same date.
CHARGEURS REUNIS ...	Shipping Air Trans.	177 - 129	166	159.39 - 189.78	28	7.5	16.96 - 16.41 - 16.34	1,466	Cie. Marit. Chargeurs Reunis sales 3 mos. '77: 202 MF (+34% vs. '76).
CHIMIQUE ROUTIERE ...	Public works	109.30 - 81.50	90.20	99.30 - 96.50	4	9.3	11.78 - 10.62 - 11.94	1,672	PEREM subsidiaries: '76 turnover = 410 MF vs. 368 MF in '75 (+14.1%).
CREDIT COMM. FRANÇ.	Bank	105 - 81.85	92	95 - 99.20	7	8.9	10.36 - 15.85 - 14.00c	5,789	'76 net profit = 64.10 MF vs. 72.99 MF, 40% up to Fr. 7.40 vs. Fr. 7.00.
CREDIT INDUST. COMM.	Bank	105 - 79.58	80.18	80.10 - 79	9	9.1	6.77 - 10.84 - 8.74	4,228	CIC Group '76 consol. balance = 36,706 MF net results = 101.40 MF.
CREUSOT-LOIRE .....	Heavy Ind.	98 - 67.50	78	74 - 71.90	—	10.7	28.13 - 9.02 - 6.95c	3,484	1976 net dividend of Fr. 8 (same as 1975) payable June 30.
EURAFRANCE .....	Holding	173 - 124	170.10	173 - 172.38	8	6.5	— - 36.59 - —	2,780	1976 consolidated profit = 119 MF vs. 80.2 MF for 1975.
FERODO S.A.F. ....	Autom. Equip.	416 - 296	345	348 - 338.50	5	5.4	28.08 - 29.27 - 78.91c	1,497	Convertible (1 for 1) bond issue of 117.5 MF at 9.50%. Actual yield 11.5%.
GEN. OCCIDENTALE ...	Holding	100.00 - 165	171.50	172.00 - 172	68	3.2	— - 26.84c - —	2,686	Group offers stock exchange plan to buy remaining 25% of Cavendish shares.
IMETAL .....	Mining	66.10 - 70.50	75.30	74.70 - 76.40	3	4.8	17.07 - 2.44 - 21.51c	7,944	'76 consolidated results = 248 MF (vs. 25 MF in 1975).
MOET-HENNESSY .....	Bevareg.	451.80 - 268	267	364 - 359	29	2.3	17.04 - 5.71 - 12.67c	3,187	Net dividend of Fr. 8.40 (+4.5%) to be proposed at September meeting.
NORD (Compagnie du)...	Holding	22.10 - 17.30	16.70	16.80 - 16.60	71	8.6	0.18 - 0.29 - 1.72	10,284	Banque Rothschild's 220 MF loan to enhance its negotiating potential.
PECHELBRONN .....	Hold. (fin.)	75 - 68	64	64.20 - 63.75	9	9.4	6.82 - 10.76 - 6.74	2,825	1976 net dividend proposal = Fr. 6 (same as 1975).
PECHINEY-UG-KUHLM.	Chem. min.	84.70 - 69.10	69.28	67.90 - 68.85	15	5.7	29.30 - 4.30 - 6.00c	25,162	1st September '77 turnover = 12,752 MF (up 29% vs. same period '76).
PSA PEUGEOT-CITROEN	Holding	272.30 - 231	243	241 - 240	2	4.1	30.24 - 34.71 - 137.65c	9,531	Peugeot Cam 76 net non-consol. cash flow = 148.6 MF (+105% vs. '75).
RAFFINAGE (Cie. Fr.)	Petrol.	69.90 - 62.88	64	64.98 - 65	—	9.1	— - - - -	5,430	Group Cam 76 consol. profit = 78.6 MF. Net div. of Fr. 15.
REDOUTE .....	Mail order	625 - 504	563	530 - 540	12	3.2	33.87 - 45.57 - 47.66c	926	'76-'77 net profit up 53%. Net dividend = Fr. 12 (vs. Fr. 15).
ROBECO .....	Investm. Comm.	284 - 268.20	363	364.60 - 362.10	—	6.8	(not relevant)	28,572	For 1st 4 months '77, 624,608 new shares issued (400,000 as bonus).
SKIS ROSSIGNOL .....	Ski manuf.	1911 - 1025	1688	1645 - 1610	19	1.5	71.76 - 75.76 - 87.48	268	Strong autocollancing position aside world tennis racket sales.

(a) P/E calculated on '75 earnings; all others on '76. (b) Tax credit not included. C: Consolidated.

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(Continued on Page 2.)



## German Bank Acts Liquidity

### Requirement Reduced 10 Per Cent

FRANKFURT, Aug. 25 (AP)—In a move to boost domestic liquidity, the central bank of the Bundesbank cut its reserve requirements by 10 per cent, or 4.5 billion marks, effective Sept. 1, and raised its rediscount rate by 2 billion DM, effective immediately.

According to Oskar Emminger, president of the Bundesbank, the move was taken to provide banks with more liquidity and to reduce dependence on use of the credit facility at 4 per cent, and the special rediscount facility for short-term rates.

The move came as no surprise, the amount of the cut in liquidity was a 2-billion-DM reduction in the amount of money in circulation. The move was more expansive than market sources had expected. Market estimates of a 10 per cent cut since Mr. Emminger had hinted at the last bank council press conference in July that a cut in reserves might be made.

Emminger stressed that the decision was within the powers of the bank's money-supply target for 1977 of 2 per cent, and was in large part due to the heavy use by the banks of the Lombard credit and the special rediscount facility in August.

Emminger indicated that the special facility might be continued once the new measure takes effect. Currently, banks are only using about 53 per cent of their available rediscount contingents, but Mr. Emminger said he thought this percentage would rise. So far this year, banks have borrowed 8 billion DM from the Bundesbank.

The 3-billion-DM in the rediscount contingent brings the total amount of the rediscount quota to 22 billion DM. Market sources expect little change in call money—currently 4 per cent—over the next week, and do not look for a drop to take place in September.

Industry and financial circles did not measure with enthusiasm as a means of keeping rates low to stimulate activity. The Association of Banks said that the "would definitely have a negative influence on the capital market." The Chamber of Commerce viewed the move as support for prevailing trends.

Emminger made no mention of a possible cut in the rate, which some sources will be made in connection with a stimulative package to be announced from the end of the month.

## Everything's Up to Date in Inco's City

DAKO, Indonesia, Aug. 25 (AP)—In spending \$350 million to get nickel out of the earth near here, Toronto-based Inco Ltd. has also created a complete town, with schools, hospitals, supermarkets, recreation areas and churches. Everything is up to date in Inco's city: homes, electricity, water and sewage, the crime, boredom and climbing.

Inco has also brought class to the town of Sorong and magnificence. The resulting tension used people to bicker over the recreational items and explain about food and services. These problems came down to town administrator, who called all the luxuries provided to the company back off and let government take over.

Years ago, before Inco arrived, there were 700 people in the village of Sorong. A crowd of houses hugging the lake, the project brought 20,000 to the area, about 2,000 of "expatriates" from the United States, Canada, Australia, Britain.

Permanent Residents  
That the mine is going into operation, the work force will be made up of 10,000 to 15,000. Several hundred Westerners in permanent residence. These people come here for persuading them to stay for has taken some doing on part of Inco and its U.S. partners, Bechtel Corp. and as mine were in Canada, as are the influx of work-

## FINANCIAL NEWS AND NOTES

### Tenneco to Buy Insurance Co.

Tenneco has agreed in principle to acquire Philadelphia Life Insurance Co. for the equivalent of about \$170.5 million. The transaction would be accomplished through a tax-free exchange of 0.22 of a share of a new issue of Tenneco 7 per cent voting preference stock for each outstanding share of Philadelphia Life's capital stock. The preference stock would be non-convertible for 10 years and thereafter would be subject to a sinking fund which will retire the issue by the end of the 30th year. The exchange offer is subject to the negotiation of agreements mutually satisfactory to the boards of both companies and favorable regulatory rulings. Tenneco, which currently holds about 24 per cent of the stock of Philadelphia Life, has interests in oil, gas, chemicals, packaging, shipbuilding and auto components. Philadelphia Life has about 10 million shares of capital stock outstanding, including the shares now owned by Tenneco, which are traded on the over-the-counter market.

### MEPC Sells Canadian Unit

MEPC, a London-based property firm, has agreed to sell its 55-per-cent holding in the common shares of MEPC Canadian Properties Ltd. to Pensionfund Properties Ltd. for \$50 million (about \$47.4 million). Pensionfund Properties is owned by a group of Canadian pension funds. The minority common-stock shares in MEPC Canadian Properties will be acquired for the same terms of \$50 million each and all preference shares will be acquired at \$25 million each. This will raise the overall cost to Pensionfund to \$20 million. MEPC intends to use proceeds of the sale to support overseas investment, particularly

for those developments to which the group is already committed. The sale is conditional on shareholder approval and certain other conditions which MEPC believes will be satisfied.

### Saint-Gobain Sales Up 38 Per Cent

Saint-Gobain-Pont-a-Mousson, the French construction materials and packaging firm, reports consolidated sales in the first half rose 37.9 per cent to 16.05 billion francs (about \$3.3 million) from 11.64 billion francs a year earlier. On a comparable structural basis, however, leaving out sales of Certain-Teed and Saint-Roch, which Saint-Gobain acquired during the year, sales were 15.4 per cent higher and 13 per cent higher after adjustment for exchange-rate fluctuations. Sales of its industrial activities, which accounted for 78 per cent of overall turnover, totaled 12.69 billion francs—an increase of 41.8 per cent on an unadjusted basis and a rise of 17.3 per cent on a comparable structural basis.

### Italy Finds Oil Off Sicily

An economically exploitable oil field has been discovered in the Sicilian strait by AGIP and Deutsche Shell, acting in a joint venture. Sources close to AGIP, subsidiary of the ENI state energy group, say the oil found was a good quality although not expected in large quantity. The potential output was not disclosed. The well, called Nide, was drilled southwest of Sicily in an area considered by experts very interesting for oil research. An AGIP source says Nide "is certainly not as large as the Maltese field discovered in northern Italy." Maltese, near Milan, has a potential yearly output of 800,000 tons of crude oil. Currently, Italy imports more than 95 per cent of its oil at a cost of \$3 billion a year.

### Using Increased Foreign Reserves

## Britain Urged to Pay IMF Debt, Reflate

By William Kucewicz

LONDON, Aug. 25 (AP)—The British government, faced with the prospect of stagnant production and rising unemployment, is being urged to use its ballooning foreign reserves to pay off its debt to the International Monetary Fund and moderately reflate the economy.

The National Institute of Economic and Social Research (NIESR) said that reflation of demand is "the most important current issue of economic policy." It said that it finds the reasons advanced for rejecting such action "unconvincing."

## British Company Posts Loss, Asks For Trading Halt

LONDON, Aug. 25 (AP)—British Land Co. today reported a net loss for the year ended March 31 of £13 million and called for a halt in trading of its shares pending the announcement of plans to restructure some of its financing.

In fiscal 1976, the property company had a net loss of £23.9 million.

Trading on the London Stock Exchange of its ordinary shares, warrants and 9.5-per-cent unsecured loan stock 1976 was suspended. Trading was also halted in the 8-per-cent convertible Eurobond of the company's British Land International NV bonds.

The company's reconstruction plans involve the refinancing of the 9.5-per-cent loan stock and the repayment of a Crown Agents £10 million loan.

British Land said a recent assessment of the open market value of its properties held March 31 produced an aggregate of £206 million, indicating a net asset value of 114 pence a share.

A reflation package, which "should be expected in the course of the next few months," would draw off some upward pressure on the pound, help ease the rate of unemployment and do "something to help the economy out of its current very stagnant phase," Amex estimated.

Under an agreement reached last December with the IMF in exchange for a \$3.87-billion credit facility, Prime Minister James Callaghan's administration accepted strict limits on the levels of government spending and borrowing money supply growth and other fiscal restraints.

NIESR said that Britain's foreign reserves, which have risen by some \$9 billion since the December IMF agreement to \$13.4 billion at end-July, should be used to repay the nation's IMF debt. In addition, an exchange policy aimed at retaining non-oil competitiveness of sterling "would actually make debt repayment desirable," it added.

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## IMF Said Warm To Peru Plan On Stabilization

LIMA, Aug. 25 (Reuters)—German de la Melen, president of Peru's central bank, said on his return from Washington today that he had positive talks with International Monetary Fund officials.

He told reporters that the IMF had been "receptive" to Peru's efforts to solve its balance-of-payment difficulties.

Mr. Melen flew to New York last week apparently to ask U.S. creditors, including Citibank, for more time to meet its obligations. He later resumed contacts with the IMF for an urgent \$100-million standby credit.

There were reports last week that Peru was about to default on some foreign debt obligations. Mr. Melen told reporters he presented the IMF a series of economic measures Peru is about to introduce.

Last month Peru rejected a standby credit deal with the IMF, refusing to agree to some tough conditions, including a large devaluation.

A previously announced austerity program which met some of the IMF's conditions triggered a wave of rioting and a general strike.

Mr. Melen gave no indication of the new measures presented to the IMF. He said they would be announced at a later date by Economy Minister Alcides Sotelo Barrios.

## Carter Delays Decision On Wheat Output Cut

By Dan Morgan

WASHINGTON, Aug. 25 (W.P.)—President Carter unexpectedly has delayed a decision on reducing U.S. wheat production next year because some senior advisers fear the effect on food prices and worldwide supplies of grain.

The postponement came after representatives of the Council of Economic Advisers (CEA), the Treasury Department and State Department warned the President that the impact on the U.S. economy, diplomatic and world hunger could be severe if a production cutback coincided with a global harvest failure in 1978.

Yesterday Agriculture Secretary Bob Bergland canceled a scheduled press conference at which he was to announce a plan for combating the surplus of unsold U.S. wheat by idling millions of acres of productive farmland.

Mr. Bergland favors a substantial acreage reduction to increase sagging wheat prices. In some regions these prices are now running 25 cents a bushel below the \$2.25 floor at which the government supports them. Budget planners fear that, without some acreage reduction, federal price support outlays could become enormous next year when a farm bill with a higher floor goes into effect.

However, Charles Schultz, chairman of the CEA, is said to have cautioned against too sharp a curtailment in wheat output because of the possibility of a new round of food scarcity and higher food prices. Wheat is the world's largest crop. Surplus U.S. wheat has been the world's main source of food to combat famines since World War II.

"There are valid arguments on both sides," said an administration official. He added that except for his department, all of the agencies involved in the policy debate have some degree of doubt.

Mr. Carter ordered aides to report back quickly on the alternatives. A decision on land retirement policies cannot be delayed much past next Tuesday. About three-quarters of the wheat crop is planted in the fall and farmers are now making final preparations.

The plan under consideration by the government would be voluntary, but there would be strong incentives to comply with the cutback provisions. Farmers who failed to do so would be ineligible for government price supports and payments.

For this year's crop, wheat farmers planted 74.4 million acres of wheat and harvested 65.6 million acres. A middle-of-the-road plan under study would reduce the planted acreage by five to 10 million acres. Economists say

the figures are seasonally adjusted and based on 1976 prices.

## Utd. Technologies Drops Its Bid for Babcock & Wilcox

HARTFORD, Conn., Aug. 25 (AP)—United Technologies Corp. today terminated its \$32.50-a-share offer to purchase the stock of Babcock & Wilcox Co.

United Technologies chairman Harry Gray said, "We continue to view Babcock & Wilcox as a well managed company with excellent operating and financial strengths."

However, Mr. Gray added, "a pragmatic assessment of the economic conditions surrounding the most recent J. Ray McDermott offer has caused us to conclude that it is no longer in the best interests of United Technologies shareholders to pursue our offer."

Sources said McDermott had been tendered more than 2.5 million Babcock shares under its \$22.50-a-share offer.

"In addition to the more than 1.2 million shares of Babcock held by McDermott prior to the offer, this means that McDermott had over 30 per cent of Babcock's stock at 8:30 this morning," said one source close to the situation.

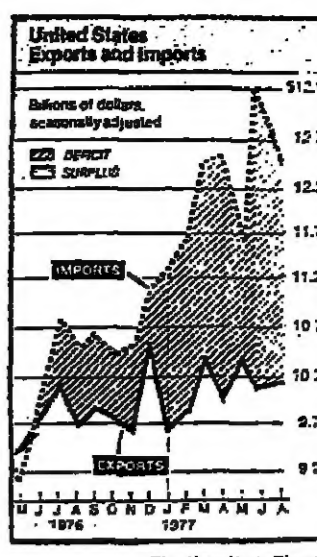
Subsequently, McDermott, in an apparent bid to nullify United Technologies' competing offer, widened its share target to 4.8 million shares and said it will pass back the \$2.50 special dividend declared by Babcock yesterday to all holders whose tenders it accepts. This effectively increases the value of the McDermott offer by \$2.50 a share to \$4.85 a share.

Babcock declared the surprise special dividend in a last-minute attempt to bolster the McDermott bid. United had been offering to pay one-half of the special dividend back to shareholders.

The dividend is scheduled for payment Oct. 3 and is in addition to the usual \$7.12-cent quarterly dividend.

Babcock said that it is "forming a negotiating committee which plans to meet Sept. 7 with a similar committee being formed by McDermott to negotiate the terms of the proposed combination of McDermott and Babcock & Wilcox."

Babcock is a maker of steam generators and tubular goods. McDermott is a builder of offshore oil rigs. United is a diversified maker of aircraft engines and electrical equipment.



The New York Times

## U.S. Deficit Cut Slightly

WASHINGTON, Aug. 25 (AP)—The United States registered a trade deficit of more than \$2.3 billion in July, an improvement over the June deficit but still the fourth worst trade month on record. The Commerce Department said today.

Contributing to the improvement was a decline of \$307 million in imports of foreign oil during the month. Total petroleum imports were valued at just under \$3.0 billion.

The United States had an overall record trade deficit of \$2.8 billion in June, while during the first seven months of this year the total deficit was more than \$14.9 billion. Far eclipsing the record annual deficit of \$8.4 billion in 1972.

The small improvement in the July figures was unlikely to end concern that the continuing large trade deficit could contribute to a further decline in the value of the dollar in international money markets.

The Commerce Department said exports rose slightly to a total of \$10.149 billion, an increase of 0.4 per cent over June. Imports declined to 12.478 billion, down 3.5 per cent from the record June total of \$12.932 billion.

In addition to the drop in imports of petroleum products, there were also reduced imports of coffee, iron and steel, aircraft, and non-electrical machinery.

Coffee imports were cut by more than one-third to \$248 million, a drop of \$119 million from the June total.

On the export side, there were increases in foreign sales of electrical machinery, military aircraft, office machines, electrical equipment, chemicals and rice and wheat.

## Dow Average Plummets to 20-Month Low

### After Broker Predicts Coming Mini-Slump

NEW YORK, Aug. 25 (AP)—Prices on the New York Stock Exchange plunged today amid concern about the economic outlook in the United States.

The Dow Jones industrial average hit its lowest level since December of 1975 at 834.12, off 8.75. It was down 7.10 at 3 p.m.

Declining issues broadly outnumbered gainers by about 1,000 to about 380.

Volume totaled 13.4 million shares, up from 18.7 million yesterday.

Brokers attributed selling in large part to a major brokerage firm's strategy group's expectations of a mini-recession within six to nine months. The group specifically suggested that clients reduce their holdings of construction machinery, major electrical and oil stocks.

The report added that the group believes the principal risk for investors to be "an unexpected and large decline in corporate profits vis-a-vis general expectations."

Analysis said the market was also weighed down by the report as the stock market opened on the U.S. trade deficit for July.

J. Ray McDermott, the apparent winner in the battle for control of Babcock & Wilcox, dropped 3 points to 49, while United Technologies, which terminated its bid, was unchanged at 35 1/2. Babcock was up 1 1/2 at 58 3/4.

Santa Fe International, which expects lower third-quarter earnings, fell 2 1/2 to 45 3/8 and Kimberly Clark was down 1 3/4 to 43 3/4. St. Regis Paper, which agreed on a merger with Southland Paper, eased 1/4 to 29 5/8.

Tenneco fell 1 1/8 to 30 5/8 after announcing it plans to acquire Philadelphia Life Insurance. Caterpillar Tractor was off 1 7/8 to 50 3/4.

Among the hard-pressed oil issues, Mobil Oil fell 1 5/8 to 59 7/8, Atlantic Richfield 1 to 52 1/8, Standard Oil of California 1 1/2 to 38 3/8, Standard Oil of Ohio 1 1/8 to 77 and Exxon 1 1/2 to 47 3/4.

Independent oil and gas shares also joined the decline, as Inexco Oil fell 1 to 23, Superior Oil 4 to 20, Belco Petroleum 1 1/8 to 21 and Mesa Petroleum 3 1/4 to 41 1/8.

Barnhart gave up 1 to 30 1/4 on a prediction of lower fourth-quarter profits. The company's third quarter, however, was better than a year ago. Barnhart also approved a merger with Transocean Oil.

## The Management of Foreign Exchange Risks.

A working conference for businessmen, in Paris, 20-21 October, sponsored jointly by the International Herald Tribune and Forex Research Ltd.

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(Please type, or use block letters)

Please enroll the following participants for the Conference at the Grand Hotel, Paris, 20 and 21 October, 1977.

Surname	
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Surname	
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Name of secretary to be contacted in case of queries:

Hotel Room: Please reserve double room (360 FF) single room (270 FF) for the nights of Oct. 19 and 20.

Fees are payable in advance of the conference. Each participant: \$400, or equivalent, and this includes all refreshments, cocktails, lunches and post-conference documentation. Hotel rooms are not included. Fees will be returned in full for any cancellation received 2 weeks before the conference.

Cheque enclosed ( ). Please invoice ( ).

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## Observer

## Mugging Grandmother

By Russell Baker

NEW YORK—Another problem we have in New York is children beating up grandmothers. Sometimes they kill them, although the usual thing is just robbery. Sometimes the children are quite young—10, 12, 13 years old. Sometimes the grandmothers are old enough to be great-grandmothers. The other day, two pubescent boys did a street mugging job on a woman who later told police she was 102 years old.

This may have been a new record for assault across the ages. You can't be sure. If such records are kept at all, they are bound to be unreliable, since we go for long periods here in New York not being interested enough in this kind of assault to keep the records very well.

This week, all attention focuses on beaten grandmothers and insensitive childhood, and everyone is solicitous of the terror in which old people now live. The police, of course, will make special efforts. City Hall expresses concern. Cries of public outrage. Etc.

Next week, we will have the same response, for a new problem, but there is no point in being cynical about the ease with which New York transfers its alarm from one insoluble problem to another.

In any case, one of the things you do here when there is a heavy problem in the news is leap to sociological conclusions about what it all means.

My own inclination, for example, would be to explain this kind of crime in terms of family breakdown. Even a child reared by criminal parents will be taught a decent respect for old people, if only out of self-serving motives in his felonious parents, who, anticipating the inevitability of old age, will want the successor generation of criminals to do the decent thing by their forebears.

It is reasonable to conclude that most criminal parents, upon learning that a child of theirs has beaten and robbed a grand-

mother, would give him such a forceful lesson in the nastiness of abusing the elderly that he would never do it again. The fact that this crime is gaining popularity among New York children suggests that either they have no families to underline such lessons, or that such families as they may have are no longer doing their jobs.

The suggestion that families ought to be doing such work will irritate certain modern thinkers who contend that the family is obsolete and—worse—a social prison in which the creative impulses of its members are stifled. What we now have in New York is a lot of really rotten kids exposing their true nature because family influence has failed to train them to conceal it. The percentage of really rotten people on earth has probably been constant over the millennia; the barbaric periods differ from the civilized in the breakdown of constraints which, in civilized times, keep the bad people from behaving perfectly naturally.

The most romantic interpretation of the perils of New York's old people is that it is an expression of America's contempt for or hatred of old age, and its idiotic worship of youth. This strikes me as great fun to argue over, but pretty silly. Americans may do ridiculous things, like installing new gadgets and putting 44-inch waistlines into custom-faded jeans, in order to hold onto the memory of youth. The number of us who beat the daylight out of grandmothers en route to the supermarket is, however, infinitesimal.

When you find a couple of kids born in the age of LBJ assaulting a woman born in the administration of Ulysses S. Grant, it is just as sensible to argue that today's youth is reacting in rage against the corruption of the Grant gang as to contend that it is expressing a national contempt for old folks. What we have are some very bad children who lack the family background required to channel their felonious instincts into more socially acceptable activities.

Mr. Baker is still on vacation. This piece appeared last year.



Baker



Philippe Junot and Princess Caroline after announcement.

## A June Wedding for Princess Caroline

MONACO, Aug. 25.—Princess Caroline of Monaco is engaged to French playboy-businessman Philippe Junot, her parents announced today. A June wedding is planned for next year, palace sources said.

Caroline is 30. Her fiancé is 37. She is 5 feet 8 inches tall and so is he. Their engagement had been rumored for months. Caroline, the beautiful, strong-willed daughter of Prince Rainier of Monaco and the former Grace Kelly of Philadelphia and Hollywood, met Junot, according to the palace, at the home of mutual friends in Paris in December, 1975. Press reports say that they met at the opening of the Régence night club in New York earlier the same year.

The two were not seen together for most of this year, apparently at the insistence of Caroline's parents. And palace sources said that the engagement is extending over 10 months because Caroline promised her mother last year to wait two years before marrying.

The princess held hands and whispered in the ear of her fiancé today as they posed for photographers a few hours after the announcement. She was wearing an engagement ring with a big sapphire and a decoration of diamonds when she appeared at the palace.

The photo session was the only appearance of the couple made for the engagement. Prince Rainier and Princess Grace made no public statement and apparently were treating the event with maximum discretion. There were no interviews and no receptions.

The tourists who pass by the palace to watch the changing of the guard were more numerous than usual this morning. There were calls for Caroline and Junot, a financial consultant with offices in Paris, Montreal and New York, to appear on the balcony, but the couple stayed inside the palace.

The population of the principality put out red and white flags to celebrate the

announcement and shopkeepers taped portraits of the princess in their windows. Caroline, the eldest of the three children of Prince Rainier and Princess Grace, is second in line to the Monaco throne, after her brother Albert, 19. The third child is Stephanie, 13.

The princess was given the traditional education of a Catholic girl of good family in convent schools. She went on to a private French lycée and an English girls' school, St. Mary's College, Ascot, then to the Paris Political Science Institute but flunked out of that elite school and is now studying psychology and sociology at the Sorbonne.

Junot traces his ancestry to Gen. Andoche Junot, whom Napoleon created Duke of Abrantes in 1806. His father, Michel Junot, is president of Westinghouse of France and deputy mayor of Paris.

After law school in Paris, Junot went to New York to study business management and worked on Wall Street for a while as a stockbroker.

## PEOPLE: Zeppo Says He

From Service

Zeppo Marx says that he learned of the death of his brother Groucho on television and was not asked to the family memorial service. "I turned the TV on the next day, and there it was, he was gone," said Zeppo, 76, the youngest and only survivor of the five brothers. He said that he was not invited to a gathering Sunday at the home of Groucho's long-time companion, Erna Fleming, in a recent court battle. "The thing is I stood up for this girl Fleming," Zeppo testified at a Los Angeles Superior Court hearing which ultimately removed Miss Fleming as the aging comedian's guardian. Zeppo said that the 37-year-old Miss Fleming extended his brother's life by providing a stimulating influence. There was no comment from Arthur Marx or Miss Fleming.

Hundreds of friends dropped by to help blind Argentine author Jorge Luis Borges celebrate his 78th birthday at his small Buenos Aires apartment Wednesday. Borges, who has been proposed several times for the Nobel Prize, had scarcely sat down to his breakfast of corn flakes and coffee when a friend bearing a book of Scandinavian poetry and a bar of chocolate appeared. Later, friends from the literary, intellectual and political worlds stopped by. "I'm celebrating my birthday with joy and working because what else can I do if I'm blind?" he said. Blind for 20 years, Borges depends on friends to read to him at his apartment in the center of the city, where he lives alone.

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SICK LIST: Actor Walter Fidgeon remains in critical condition with a blood clot in his lung, a hospital spokesman in Santa Monica, Calif., said. The clot developed a week after the 78-year-old veteran of more than 100 movies underwent surgery to remove another blood clot in his brain. Sen. Hubert Humphrey will remain in the University of Minnesota hospital for several days beyond his original discharge date, a spokesman said.

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100 socks, 100 underwear, 100 pajamas, 100 nightgowns, 100 robes, 100 coats, 100 suits, 100 dresses, 100 skirts, 100 blouses, 100 sweaters, 100 shirts, 100 trousers, 100 slacks, 100 jeans, 100 shorts, 100 swimwear, 100 sportswear, 100 casualwear, 100 formalwear, 100 businesswear, 100 leisurewear, 100 activewear, 100 athleisure, 100
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